

USER MANUAL

NUPOWER™ 11B02A

MINI MULTI-OCTAVE POWER AMPLIFIER

PART NUMBER:
NW-PA-11B02A



Trusted RF Solutions™

Trusted RF Solutions.™



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1 NUPOWER™ PRODUCT LINE OVERVIEW

The NuPower family of solid state RF power amplifier (PA) modules is designed to meet the demanding needs of the Aerospace & Defense, Industrial, and Commercial markets. Based on the latest gallium nitride (GaN) technology, NuPower's power efficiency and miniature form factor make it ideal for size, weight, and power-constrained broadband RF telemetry and tactical communications systems.

1.1 NUPOWER™ PRODUCT LINE HIGHLIGHTS

- High Performance: Unique combination of broadband coverage, miniature form factors, and high efficiency.
- Enclosures: The NuPower family of power amplifiers is housed in a silver nickel plated aluminum enclosure with mounting holes incorporated into the chassis.
- Completely Characterized: The NuPower family of solid state power amplifiers has been completely characterized over temperature, voltage, and frequency. These high-performance modules offer significant value for the OEM user or the Systems Integrator.
- User Friendly: Reverse-Voltage & Over-Voltage protection and regulator thermal shutdown provide defenses against user interface issues.
- High Reliability: NuWaves' selection of conservatively rated components provides high reliability. Each NuPower is inspected to IPC-A-610 Class II quality standards. NuWaves' Quality Management System is AS9100:2009 Rev D and ISO 9001:2008 certified.
- Applications: Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) • Unmanned Ground Vehicles (UGV) • Unmanned Surface Vehicles (USV) • Broadband RF Telemetry • RF Communication Systems • Software Defined Radios • Test Labs
- Available Options:
 - Fan-cooled heat sink with North American AC/DC wall plug adapter
 - Labeled interface cable with banana jack plugs

2 NUPOWER™ MINI MULTI-OCTAVE PA OVERVIEW

The NuPower™ 11B02A Mini Multi-Octave Power Amplifier (MOPA) is a highly efficient, miniature solid state power amplifier that provides over 7 watts (typical) of RF power across multiple octaves, from high VHF through S-band.

Based on the latest gallium nitride (GaN) technology, the NuPower 11B02A's power efficiency and 2.84 cubic inch form factor make it ideal for size, weight, and power-constrained broadband RF telemetry and tactical communication systems.

The NuPower 11B02A's rugged chassis allows the system integrator to easily incorporate the unit into a platform operating in harsh environments with limited space, such as small Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS).

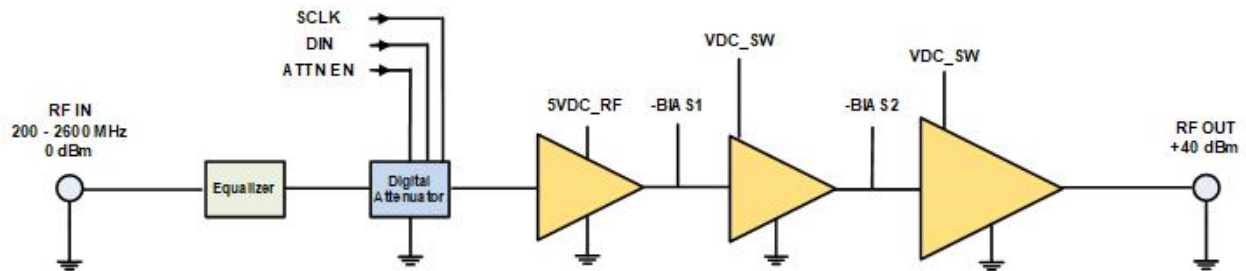


Figure 1: NuPower 11B02A Functional Diagram

2.1 NUPOWER 11B02A SPECIFICATIONS

The subsequent tables in this section outline the NuPower 11B02A's performance specifications.

Table 1: NuPower 11B02A Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Frequency Range	200 MHz to 2.6 GHz
RF Output Power	7 Watts (typ)*
RF Gain	40 dB (min)
2 nd Harmonic	≤-13 dBc
Supply Voltage	+11 to +32 VDC
Current Consumption	1.4 A @ +28 VDC (typ)
Nominal Input Drive Level	0 dBm

Maximum Input Drive Level (No damage)	+10 dBm
Power Amplifier Enable	GND On
Impedance	50 Ω

*The NuPower 11B02A will provide 10 watts (typ) RF output power across 200 MHz to 2.6 GHz with an input drive level of +3 dBm.

Table 2: NuPower 11B02A Environmental Specifications

Operating Conditions	Specification
Operating Temperature for Continuous Operation (>5 minutes)	-30 to +55 °C (ambient) -30 to +60 °C (baseplate)
Operating Temperature for 20% Duty Cycle	-30 to +60 °C (ambient) -30 to +65 °C (baseplate)
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85 °C

Table 3: NuPower 11B02A Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF)

Conditions	Hours
Ground Benign (GB)	126,690
Airborne Inhabited Cargo (AIC)	14,800
Airborne Inhabited Fighter (AIF)	10,650
Airborne Uninhabited Cargo (AUC)	8,400
Airborne Uninhabited Fighter (AUF)	5,800

2.2 NUPOWER 11B02A MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

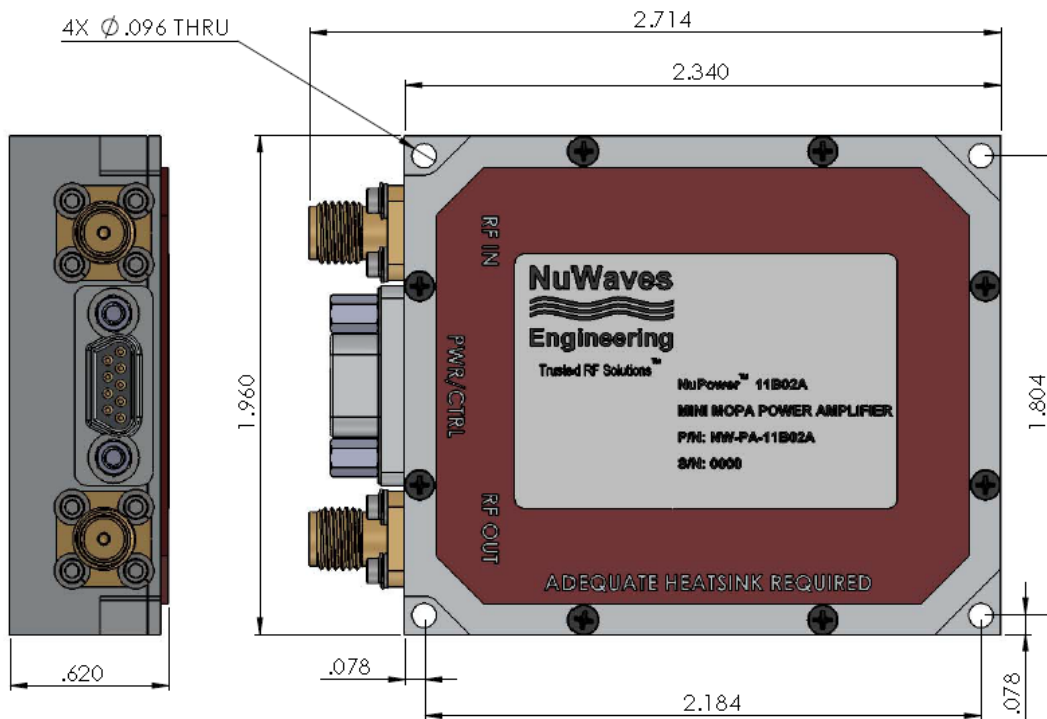


Figure 2: NuPower 11B02A Mechanical Outline

Table 4: NuPower 11B02A Mechanical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
RF Connectors	SMA (female)
Control / Power Interface Connector	9 Pin Micro-D (socket)
Dimensions (L x W x H)	2.340" x 1.960" x 0.620"
Weight	2 oz.

2.3 HEAT SINKING

The NuPower 11B02A is offered as a stand-alone module or with a kit, which also includes a fan-cooled heatsink with an AC / DC adapter, and an interface cable.

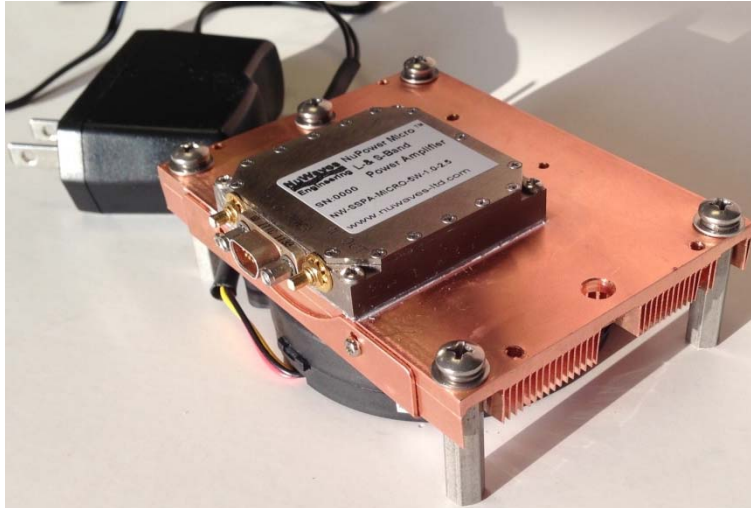


Figure 3: The NuPower PA Kit offers “out-of-the-box” operation for the user. The fan-cooled heatsink with an AC / DC adapter is shown with an example PA (NuPower 11B02A not shown).



Caution: The use of external heat-sinking is required especially for those applications requiring high duty cycle operation (e.g. continuous wave) or for extended on-time testing. Operation without a proper heat sink under these conditions will cause permanent damage to the product and will void the product warranty.

The external heatsink thermal resistance requirements are:

- <0.35 °C/W for operation up to 40 °C ambient
- <0.20 °C/W for operation up to 55 °C ambient

3 SETUP AND OPERATION

This section provides specific details for proper operation of the NuPower 11B02A module. Following these guidelines will prevent damage to the power amplifier or external equipment.

3.1 POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

To operate the NuPower 11B02A, ensure that the power supply has adequate overhead to source the current demand of the RF power amplifier. The power supply source must provide a typical voltage of +28 VDC with greater than 3 amps capability.

3.2 CONNECTING A PROPER LOAD TO THE ANTENNA TERMINAL

To prevent damage to the PA, the antenna terminal must be terminated into a 50 Ω load. Examples of a proper load include:

- Directly connecting to an antenna specified for the frequency range (225 MHz to 2.55 GHz). Connecting to an inappropriate antenna may result in damage to the PA module.
- Connecting to a proper antenna through a 50 Ω transmission line or coaxial cable. Avoid using damaged cables or corroded connectors while attaching the unit to an antenna.
- Terminating the antenna terminal into a 50 Ω power attenuator with minimum 20 dB attenuation.
- Connecting to a load capable of dissipating the RF power from the PA module. Loads capable of handling 20 Watts (min) are recommended.

3.3 POWERING-UP THE 11B02A

The NuPower 11B02A must be terminated to a proper load before power is applied. Refer to Section 3.2 for the specifications of the proper load. After the PA is properly terminated, the interface cable can be connected to the unit and power can be applied. The PA is now ready for operation.

3.4 TRANSMIT TURN-ON TIME



Caution: Do not apply transmit data until the PA module is at full power. This will prevent loss of data at the beginning of a message.

The NuPower 11B02A is at full power approximately 30 μ S after the RF Enable line goes low (ground). Therefore, transmit data can be applied to the input after 30 μ S without loss of data.

3.5 RF OUTPUT POWER VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

Although the NuPower 11B02A was designed for +28 VDC operation, the module is capable of providing suitable RF power output over a broad range of supply voltages: +9 VDC to +32 VDC.

3.6 POWER BACK-OFF MODE

The NuPower 11B02A is designed to allow the user to reduce, or “back-off,” the output power in support of linear waveform operation or to trade off output power in exchange for lower power consumption. The amount of power back-off is assuming a 0 dBm drive level to the PA module.

Pins 7 & 9 on the CTRL/PWR interface connector are designated to allow such operation. Table 5 depicts the pin configurations to achieve low, medium, and high back-off settings, where “N/C” is an indication to leave the pin floating (i.e. not connected) since the pin is tied high internally, and where “GND” means grounding the pin. Due to the broadband nature of the unit, the amount of attenuation is an approximation for each respective setting as shown in Table 5, dependant on operational frequency and other factors, including unit-to-unit power variation.

Table 5: Power Back-off Settings

Attenuation Settings	Bit 1	Bit 2
Full power / No attenuation	N/C	N/C
-6 dB (low)	GND	GND
-9 dB (med)	GND	N/C
-12 dB (high)	N/C	GND

4 HARDWARE INTERFACE

- The RF Input connector is SMA (female).
- The RF Output connector is SMA (female).
- The pin-out definitions for the 9 pin Micro-D socket connector are provided in Table 6. In a typical installation, the PA module is mated to a host controller board via a cable harness.



The RF Out SMA connector is the antenna connection. This connection should always be loaded into 50 Ω , otherwise the PA could be damaged.

4.1 INTERFACE CABLE HARNESS

The cable harness that connects the host controller to the 9 pin Micro-D connector of the NuPower 11B02A is made up of 9 wires.

Table 6: NuPower 11B02A Interface Pin-Out Definitions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	Description
1, 2	GND	I	Signal and Power Ground
3, 4	V Supply	I	Primary Power (+28 VDC)
5	RF Enable	I	Transmit Control
6	N.C.	-	N/A
7	Bit 1	I	Power Back-off mode, see Table 5
8	Temp Flag	O	Over-temp Indicator
9	Bit 2	I	Power Back-off mode, see Table 5

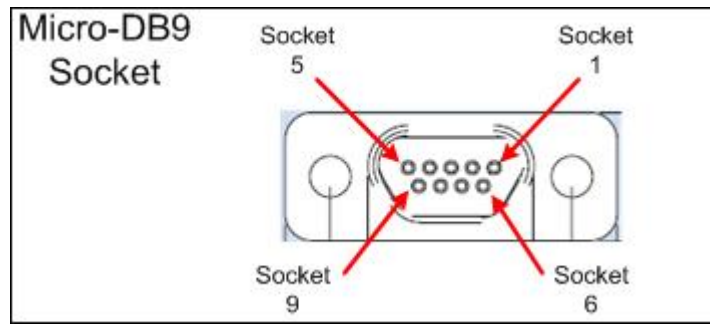


Figure 4: Micro-D Socket Locations

4.2 DC POWER

The nominal supply voltage for the NuPower 11B02A is +28 VDC; however, the amplifier module is able to support operation over a supply voltage range of +11 to +32 VDC.

4.3 GROUND

The signal and power grounds are tied together in the PA module.

4.4 RF ENABLE

This signal is the logic control input that designates whether the unit is in transmit or standby mode. The RF Enable line is pulled high internally placing the PA module in *standby* mode. If the pin is left floating (i.e. not connected), the unit will default to *standby* mode.

Grounding the pin (i.e. a voltage below +0.2 VDC) places the unit in *transmit* mode. The user can either connect the RF Enable line to pins 1 & 2 on the CTRL/PWR interface connector, or an open drain logic line capable of sinking 500 μ A to place the unit in *transmit* mode.

4.5 TEMP FLAG

This signal is a logic level output to indicate an over-temperature condition in the NuPower 11B02A. A logic high (+5 VDC) indicates normal operation, while a logic low (0 VDC) indicates an over-temperature condition. The NuPower 11B02A incorporates internal logic circuitry that turns off the DC bias to the RF transistors.



Caution: The amplifier should be shut down and allowed to cool off when the over-temperature flag is set high to avoid damage to the module.

5 GETTING HELP - APPLICATIONS ENGINEERING

NuWaves Engineering offers technical support for basic configuration help and troubleshooting, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Eastern Time.

Technical Assistance, Application Engineering, and Sales:

Phone: (513) 360-0800

Email: product.sales@nuwaves.com

NuWaves Home Page: <http://www.nuwaves.com>

Product Warranty:

https://products.nuwaves.com/wp-content/uploads/NuWaves_Warranty_Repair.pdf

5.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

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